## COMBINED DATA VALUES OF TOTAL PARTICIPANTS

Test parameter	s S.No.	covered in the current dist.	Total No. responded	% of Labs with Z Score 0-2		% of Labs with Z Score 2-3		% of Labs with Z Score >3	
YY ID				Among labs	Within lab	Among labs	Within lab	Among	Within lab
WBC x10³/μ1	1	450	351	89.17	76.35	6.55	0.05	labs	140
RBC x10 <sup>6</sup> /µl	1	450	351	79.77			8.26	4.27	15.38
Hb g/dl	1	450			86.61	8.55	5.7	11.68	7.69
	1		351	84.9	92.88	6.55	3.7	8.55	3.42
НСТ%	l	450	348	81.9	84.77	10.34			
MCV-f1	1	450	350	85.71				7.76	9.2
MCH-Pg	1	450				8.86	3.43	5.43	4
			350	86.29	86.29	7.14	3.43	6.57	10.29
MCHC-g/dl	1	450	350	87.14	86	8.29			
Plt. $x10^3/\mu l$	1	450	350	78					7.71
ReticCount%	2.	450				11.71	7.14	10.29	5.71
				87.37	79.18	4.78	10.92	5.46	7.51
PS Assessment	3 4	450	355	Acceptable:	90.1%,Warn	ing Signal	2 10/ 11		7.51

- 1). Among Lab (EQA): RBC,PLT,RETIC out of acceptable rang, check calibration/human error. Remaining results Acceptable.
- 2). Within Lab (IQA): Acceptable Precision.
- Note-1: EQA (External Quality Assurance): Your Performance among various of participating labs in PT, to determine
- IQA (Internal Quality Assurance): Your Performance of comparison of two consecutive measurement values within your lab to test the precision of your autoanalyzer.
- Note-2: Z score among & within lab were calculated, as per to ISO/IEC 13528:2015 standard. Z score among lab (EQA)= (Your Result Sum of two values – Consensus Result sum of two values)/(Normalised IQR)
- Z score within lab (IQA)= (Your Result Difference of two values Consensus Result difference of two values)/(Normalised IQR)
- IQR = Quartile 3 Quartile 1 of participant data, Normalised IQR = 0.7413 x IQR
- Note-3: Z score 0 to  $\pm 2$ : Acceptable, Z score  $\pm 2$  to  $\pm 3$ : Warning Signal, Z score  $> \pm 3$ : Unacceptable [As per ISO/IEC]
- Note-4: Z score value between "0 to  $\pm 2$ " are texted in green colour. Z score value between " $\pm 2$  to  $\pm 3$ " are texted in orange colour. Z score value  $> \pm 3$  are texted in red colour.
- Note-5: Homogeneity and stability testing of PT sample were done as per ISO 13528:2015 standard. To pass homogeneity test, between sample SD (Ss) should be smaller than the check value (0.3\*SDPA). To pass the stability test, average difference in measurement values of first and last day sample  $(\bar{x}-\bar{y})$  should be smaller than the check value (0.3\*SDPA).
- Note-6: ISHTM-AIIMS-EQAP does not subcontract any task of its scheme
- Note-7: Participants are free to use methods/analyzer of their own choice.
- Note-8: Proficiency testing (PT) samples are sent quarterly to each participant.
- Note-9: All the necessary details regarding design and implementation of PT, are provided in the instruction sheet as well as on programme's website www.ishtmaiimseqap.com.

Report authorized by,

Prof & Head Hematology AIIMS Delhi